

# The Daily Gazetteer.

NUMB. 2101

FRIDAY, MARCH 12. 1742.

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Yesterday arriv'd two Mails from Flanders.

Constantinople, Jan. 20.



OME Days ago the Grand Vizir sent for the Swedish Ministers, and after discoursing them seriously on the present State of their Affairs, and the Motives upon which they engaged in a War with Russia, he told them that the present Conjunction was no Way favourable either to the Swedish or Ottoman Power; that the Muscovites were become another Sort of People than they formerly were; that the Porte was in no Condition either to attack the Russians, or to furnish Money to the Swedes; and that consequently the most advisable Step they could take was to make Peace. Indeed it is but too true, that the Government here is in a Manner over-ruled. The Janizaries know their own Force, and will act according to their Notions, which are mean, mercenary, and destructive of the Publick Good. The Ministers are so embarrassed that they are not able to exert themselves as they would for the Service of the People; and as to the Grand Signior, having tried all Methods to content his Subjects, he is now taken up with Endeavours to secure himself.

Petersburgh, Feb. 15. Some People imagine by the frequent Dispatches made by M. de la Chetardie to the Swedish Camp in Finland, by the way of Wybourg, that a Peace is upon the Anvil, and yet all other Appearances are against it. The Czarina declared publicly not long ago, that she would sacrifice to the Love of Peace any thing save the Honour of her Crown and the Interests of her People. That the Injuries the Swedes complained of, were done by the late Administration, but that she was content to redress them, and even make some Satisfaction for them; yet as to any Districts belonging to the Conquer'd Countries, she would not part with any, unless depriv'd of them by the Fortune of War. Our Military Preparations are very great; Troops are defiling to Courland from Smolensk and Kiow, so that it is evident some Expedition is to be undertaken on that Side; and to quiet the Poles it has been notify'd to them, that these Preparations do not respect them, but that her Imperial Majesty was determin'd always to live on good Terms with the Republick, and to do nothing they should have the least Reason to disapprove.

Warsaw, March 1. A Courier arriv'd this Day from the Governor of Caminiac, with Advice that the Bashaw of Choczim, in Obedience to the express Commands of the Sultan, was making great Preparations for re-fortifying that City, the Works of which were demolish'd during the late War by the Russians; and that he would begin to repair it as soon as the Season would permit. The Great Marshal of the Crown, who has been long and dangerously ill, is recovering. He has sent hither an Express to inform the King and Senate, that the Russian Velt Marshal Lacy had sent to him his Aid de Camp to signify in his Mistress's Name, that a Body of her Troops being on the point of entering Poland in order to go to the Assistance of the Queen of Hungary and Bohemia, desired they might be supplied with Provisions for their Money. As the Empress has made the same Demands here from the King and Senate, we begin to be very apprehensive of the Consequences. It is however certain, that this Demand will never be complied with by his Majesty; but the Senate having other Views, may possibly take other Measures.

Copenhagen, Feb. 27. The last Post brought an Account that our East-India Ship the Prince Royal, which is intended for China, is now so thoroughly repaired, that the first fair Wind she will again put to Sea; but it is much to be doubted whether the Swedish Vessel which was to have been her Comfort, will be soon enough repaired to save her Voyage. It is something strange to see such an amicable Intercourse between these two Nations, and so tender a Subject too as Commerce. The Danes have applied themselves longer and more assiduously this Way than the Swedes, but the latter have hitherto been very successful. This Humour of erecting East-India Companies was much heighten'd, if not first excited, by the publishing our Accounts of our Company's Sales, as this was judged expedient to shew the Falseness of vulgar Reports, to the Prejudice of the Company's and even of the Nation's Reputation. Thus our Domestic Disputes serve to raise up Foreign Controversies, and actually bring upon us those Evils from the Fear of which they are supposed to spring.

Dresden, March 7. There are daily Councils held in the King's Presence in relation to the War between the Allies

and her Hungarian Majesty, and if Success depends upon Secrecy, good Fortune must attend them, for not so much as a Syllable transpires. Yesterday it was reported that a very smart Engagement had fallen out between Iglau and Brinn, but as the Court confesses no Account of it, we incline to think it a Fiction. Our Court is occupied so with Politicks, that all our Diversions are in a manner laid aside. The Palatines of Poland are very urgent with the King to call a General Diet, for many Reasons, and especially for the immediate Settling the Duchy of Courland; and his Majesty accordingly promised to set out for Warlaw immediately after Easter. We have just now Advice that 2000 Sick and Wounded have been lately brought to our Hospital of Leutmaritz from the Army, upon which the Report of a Battle revives. It is whisper'd about Court, that the King of Prussia has expressed not a little Dissatisfaction at an Accident which fell out lately: The Saxon Minister interposed on behalf of the Inhabitants of Moravia; which produced a Discovery, that, by a secret Article in the Treaty of Partition, this Province is to belong to our Monarch. — Perhaps another secret Article may have disposed also of Silesia.

Berlin, March 4 & 5. We are in full Motion here, and in some Confusion. Our new Augmentation is to consist of 19 Regiments, and to be made with all possible Dispatch. Money appears to be very scarce, since the Plate expos'd to Sale by the Duchess Dowager of Saxe-Eisenach exhausted all our Goldsmiths Cash. We are in excessive Pain for the Person of the King, because we are sensible that never any War was conducted with such Eagerness as the present, and with such Animosity on both Sides. By our last Advices from the Army we learn, that not only a General Officer was taken Prisoner by the Austrian Hussars very near the King, but also the Page who had his Carbine, and that his Majesty had shar'd the same Fate but for the Fleetsness of his Horse, a Hussar pursuing him Half a Mile at full Stretch. All is in Conternation in Silesia, the Peasants are disaffected to the last degree, small Parties are never safe amongst them; the Nature of the King's Designs has oblig'd him to withdraw many of his Garisons, and we daily expect the News of the Hungarians making an Invasion. The only Remedy for these Evils must be a Battle, and therein too we risk all, and the King's Safety beside. The Austrians discover on all Occasions not Courage or Resolution but Madnes and Fury. We have just now more and more strange News from the Army. As soon as the Austrians quitted Budweis we expected the French Forces on that Side should have march'd to join us, but instead of this they slighted Peseck, and are now under the Cannon of Prague. The Saxons having Advice that Count Khevenhuller meditated a short Journey into their Country from Bavaria, by the Way of Egra, are march'd in haste to secure their own Frontiers.

Prague, Feb. 27. It is impossible to express the Misery of our Condition. We are Slaves! and Slaves to the French! That we may be in no Doubts about it, they have turn'd half the Artillery on the Ramparts upon the City. Plunder'd as we are, they demand daily new Contributions, and threaten us with Extremities in case of Refusal, neither do they shew the smallest Respect of Persons. The last Demand of the Commandant was of the Crown Jewels, and upon some Hesitation made, he was pleas'd to declare, that if they were not brought, he would come to the Abbey where they are deposited, and take them.

Rhynberg, March 4. Marshal Maillebois is here. He arriv'd Yesterday Morning with several General Officers, and intends to set out speedily for Zanten, where he is to cause a Camp to be mark'd out for the French Troops which are to evacuate this Electorate.

Brussels, March 16. We have just now Advice from Strasbourg, that a Commissary of War is gone off, with a very considerable Sum of Money, intended for the Pay of the French Troops; and that on the Frontiers of French Flanders all the Garisons are re-inforced.

Turin, Feb. 27. Our Court seems at present the Centre of all the Negotiations in Europe. We see daily fresh Couriers arrive from France, Rome, Spain and Naples, as well as from Vienna and Francfort, which occasions frequent Councils to be held in the King's Presence; but as to his Majesty's Resolutions, they are absolutely impenetrable. Our Preparations for War are still carried on with as much Vigour as ever, and we even talk of making another great Augmentation of Troops. We have certain Advice from Madrid, that the Infant Don Philip is actually set out, and that we are speedily to expect him in Italy with a very numerous Court. Lieutenant Marshal Schulenburg is here, and as is generally believ'd has settled with his Majesty the Manner in which

the Duchy of Milan is to be succour'd by our Troops. It is difficult to express the Perplexity that appears in the Faces, Words, and Actions of the Ministers from Foreign Courts, who seem all at their Wit's End. His Majesty alone appears calm and satisfied, applying with Diligence to his own Affairs, and making no other Answer to all the Demands made as to the Reason of his Arming, than that it is in his own Defence, and for the common Safety of Italy.

## HOME PORTS.

Bristol, March 9. Arriv'd the Expedition, —, from Cork, by whom we have Advice from Capt. Griffin of the Brackley Galley, of and for this Port from Jamaica, of his being put into Beethaven. She was reckon'd a missing Ship.

Deal, March 10. Wind S. by E. Came down the Scroope, Conway, for St. Christophers, and remains with the Ships as per former.

## Arrived

At St. Ives, the Friendship, Hitchins, from Figueira.

At Lisbon, the Amity, Briley, from Biddford.

At Naples, the Grand Duke, Maugier, from Leghorn.

## L O N D O N, March 12.

The Neptune, Wood, from North Carolina for London, is put into Swinna in Norway in a bad Condition. We hear his Majesty has been pleas'd to make the following Promotions in the Navy, viz.

Sir Charles Wager, to be Vice Admiral of England, in the room of Sir John Norris who has resign'd;

Philip Cavendish, Esq; to be Admiral of the White;

John Balchen, Esq; to be Admiral of the Blue;

Commodore Matthews, to be Vice Admiral of the Red;

Edward Vernon, Esq; to be Vice Admiral of the White;

Nicholas Haddock, Esq; to be Vice Admiral of the Blue;

Sir Chaloner Ogle, to be Rear Admiral of the Red;

Commodore Lestock, to be Rear Admiral of the White; and

Sir Charles Hardy, to be Rear Admiral of the Blue.

Yesterday the Right Hon. the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty appointed Capt. Molloy of the Mary Yacht to be Captain of the Royal Caroline, in the room of Sir Charles Hardy, who is promoted as above.

The same Day the Earl of Winchelsea and the Lord Baltimore kiss'd the King's Hand on their being appointed Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty.

As did likewise Commissioner Matthews of Chatham Dock, and Sir Charles Hardy, on their being made Admirals.

High Water this Day	Morning	Evening
at London-Bridge.	03 25	03 37

Bank Stock, 137 1-4th to 137. India, 157 1-half to 156 3-4ths. South Sea, 103 1-half. Old Annuity, 112 3-8ths. New ditto, 110 5-8ths to 7-8ths. Three per Cent. 99 3-4ths. Seven per Cent. Loan, 65. Five per Cent. ditto, 58 1-4th. Royal Assurance, 86. London Assurance, 11. African, 10. India Bonds, 31. 16s. to 17s. Prem. Bank Circulation, 31. 5s. Prem. Sale Tallies, 99 3-4ths. English Copper, 31. 15s. Welsh ditto, 15s. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders, Nothing done. Three per Cent. ditto, 94 1-half. Million Bank, 113. Equivalent, 112.

Admiralty Office, March 10, 1741.

Whereas his Majesty's Ship the St. George as Portsmouth is preparing to go to Sea, with all possible Dispatch, it is the Direction of my Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, that the Men belonging to her do immediately repair on board to their Duty, on pain not only of losing their Wages, but of being apprehended, and tried as Deserters.

Tho. Corbett.

Lottery-Office, January 13, 1741-2.

THE Managers and Directors appointed by Act of Parliament to take in the Tickets of the Bridge-Lottery, Anno 1739 and to deliver out Certificates in lieu thereof, payable by the Cashiers of the Bank, finding, that notwithstanding the several Notices by them given for bringing in Tickets to be Enter'd, great Numbers are yet outstanding, do give this further Notice, That the 12th Day of March next, is the last Day appointed by Act of Parliament for taking in Tickets and delivering out Certificates; and for this Purpose daily Attendance will be continued to be given at their Office near the Receipt of his Majesty's Exchequer.



Lottery-Office, January 13, 1741-2.  
**T**HE Managers and Directors appointed by Act of Parliament to take in the Tickets of the Bridge-Lottery, Anno 1740. and to deliver out Certificates in lieu thereof, payable by the Cashiers of the Bank, finding, that notwithstanding the several Notices by them given for bringing in Tickets to be enter'd, great Numbers are yet outstanding, do give this further Notice, that the 15th Day of March next is the last Day appointed by Act of Parliament for taking in Tickets and delivering out Certificates; and for this Purpose daily Attendance will be continued to be given at their Office near the Receipt of his Majesty's Exchequer.

Bank, January 15, 1741.  
**W**HEREAS Information has been given at the Bank, That JOHN WAITE, their late Cashier, was seen lately at a certain Inn some Distance from London; and it being supposed that he is about to make his Escape out of the Land, This therefore is to give Notice to all Captains, Masters of Ships or Small Vessels, Fishermen, Innkeepers, &c. That whoever shall apprehend and secure the said JOHN WAITE, to be dealt with according to Law, shall receive of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England Three hundred Pounds, over and above the Two hundred Pounds offered in former Advertisements, in the Whole FIVE HUNDRED POUNDS.

David Le Gros, Secretary.  
 N. B. The said JOHN WAITE is about Forty-one Years of Age, and about Five Foot Eight Inches high, well set, round visag'd, small grey Eyes, very light Eye-brows and Eye-lashes, and of a most remarkable fresh Complexion, but travels somewhat disguised.

This Day is Publish'd,  
 With his Majesty's Royal Privilege and Licence,  
 NUMBER IV. of the  
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 Printed by Joseph Davidson at the Angel in the Poultry.

N. B. Number V. will be published next Month: And as soon as the *Æneid* is finish'd, the *Bucolics* and *Georgicks* will be printed in the same Manner.

This Day is Published,  
 [Price Five Shillings]  
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Next Thursday will be published,  
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 Dr. JAMES's New Method of Preventing and Curing the Madness caused by the Bite of a Mad Dog, laid before the Royal Society in February last.

This Day are published the following Books.

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